

Seminar Finance: Derivatives & Risk Management Bachelor Seminar

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Requirements

- Preparation of a seminar paper in groups of up to 3
- Scope: 15/20/25 pages (depending on group-size)
- Independently perform empirical / quantitative analysis
- Use of appropriate statistics software
- Pure literature research is not sufficient
- Presentation of seminar paper in blocked seminar
- Assessment: 60 % written work and 40 % presentation



Procedure

- 29.01.2021, submission of preferences via Email
- 01.02.2021, allocation of topics via email
- 04.02.2021, binding registration
- 15.02.2021, Introduction to scientific methods
- 20.05.2021, submission deadline
- May/June (TBA): presentation
- General information, registration form, Grading specification form, Guideline for writing seminar papers: https://www.fcm.uni-hannover.de/de/lehre/seminare/



Implied Volatility

Task:

- By (numerically) inverting the Black-Scholes formula, one can obtain an option-implied volatility of the underlying asset
- Empirically assess the Black-Scholes implied volatility of a stock market index. Do you find smile or term-structure effects? Can implied volatility forecast realized volatility?

- Black, F., & Scholes, M. (1973). The pricing of options and corporate liabilities. Journal of Political Economy, 81(3), 637-657.
- Hull, J. C. (2012). Options, Futures and Other Derivatives (8th ed.). Prentice Hall.
- Dupire Bloomberg, B. (1994). Pricing with a Smile. Risk, 7(1), 18-20.



GARCH-based VaR models

Task:

- Volatility is a key input parameter for estimating the Value-at-Risk
- A GARCH process is a popular choice for modeling time-varying volatility
- Estimate and evaluate GARCH-based VaR forecasts

- Hull, J. C. (2012), Options, Futures, and Other Derivatives, Pearson Education, Prentice Hall.
- Christoffersen, P. (2012), Elements of Financial Risk Management, Academic Press



Asian Options

Task:

- Asian options belong to the class of exotic options. The option payoff depends on the average price during a certain pre-specified period instead of just the price at the exercise date. First, different permutations of Asian options shall be described
- Analytically assess the value of Asian options. Value the options using Monte-Carlo Simulations. If possible, compare your valuation with market values of existing Asian options

- Hull, J. C. (2012). Options, Futures and Other Derivatives (8th ed.). Prentice Hall.
- Kemna, A. G. Z., & Vorst, A. C. F. (1990). A pricing method for options based on average asset values. Journal of Banking and Finance, 14(1), 113-129.



Barrier Options

Task:

- Barrier options are activated or deactivated by certain events. There are knock-out options and knock-in options. These shall be classified and explained theoretically
- Analytically assess the value of barrier options. Value the options using Monte-Carlo Simulations. If possible, compare your valuation with market values of existing barrier options.

Literature:

• Hull, J. C. (2012). Options, Futures and Other Derivatives (8th ed.). Prentice Hall.



Spread Options

Task:

- For spread options, the payoff depends on the price difference of two assets. First these shall be described theoretically.
- Analytically assess the value of spread options. Value the options using Monte-Carlo Simulations. Compare the simulated value to that of closed form approximations. If possible, compare both valuations with market values of existing spread options.

- Hull, J. C. (2012). Options, Futures and Other Derivatives (8th ed.). Prentice Hall.
- Li, M., Deng, S. J., & Zhou, J. (2008). Closed-form approximations for spread option prices and Greeks. Journal of Derivatives, 15(3), 58-80.



Structured Products

Task:

- There are plenty of certificates (e.g., Rainbow, Discount, Express, Equity Linked Bonds, ...) traded on financial markets.
- Analytically assess the value of a selected certificate. Value the certificate using Monte-Carlo Simulations. If possible, compare your valuation with market values of existing structured products.

Literature:

• Hull, J. C. (2012). Options, Futures and Other Derivatives (8th ed.). Prentice Hall.



How to maximize the learning effect

- Why? What you learn now, saves you valuable time when you write your thesis.
- Use R instead of Excel.
- Comment your code.
- Use LaTeX instead of Word.
- Write in English, not German.